



KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA

**PRESENTATION TO THE CCW PROTOCOL V ON
CLEARANCE, REMOVAL OR DESTRUCTION ON
MINE/ERW**

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Background of Landmine/ERW Problems

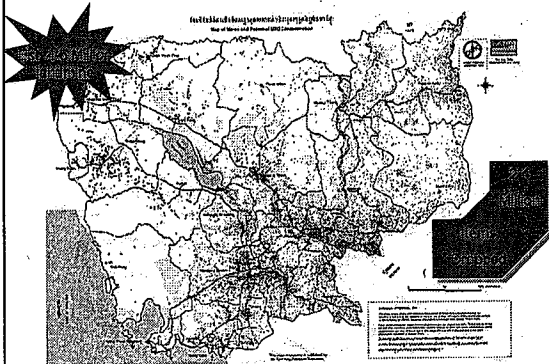
- World War II
- French-American Indochina Wars;
- Vietnam War;
- 1970 – 1975: Cambodian Civil War;
- 1975 – 1979: Border incursions into Vietnam by the Khmer Rouge;
- 1979 – 1999: Guerrilla war throughout Cambodia.

Mine/ERW Survey

National Landmine/UXO Impact Survey in June 2002

- Number of villages contaminated 6,422 (46%) among 13 910 Villages
- Number of areas contaminated 3,037
- Area of land suspected to be contaminated 4,466 Km²
- Number of Population being at risk 5,186,771 (45.3%)
- 11,429 EOD tasks identified

CAMBODIA CONTAMINATION MAP



Cambodia sincerity and commitment for The Mine Ban Treaty

Part of the strong commitment to the implementation of the Mine Ban Treaty and the Protocol II of the Convention of the Certain Conventional Weapon (CCW) is aimed at ridding Cambodia of landmines and the UXO threat, the Royal Government has passed a number of laws and sub-decrees and established a number of mechanisms to govern mine action activities in the country. These include::

- Law on The Prohibition of the Use of Anti-Personnel Mines (ratified by the Assembly on 28 April 1999)
- Law on the Control of Weapons, Explosives and Ammunitions (01 June 2005)
- Sub -Decree on the Management and Control of Import, Production, Sales, Trade, Distribution and Use of all Types of Weapons and Ammunitions (30 April 1999)
- Sub -Decree on Socio-Economic Management of Mine Clearance Operations (20 October 2004)
- Five-Year Mine Action Plan of the Royal Government of Cambodia 2005-2009

Main Players Enforce Compliance of the Ban Mine Treaty

- All Government Authorities from Central Government to Village Levels
- Coordination Body: Cambodian Mine Action Authority (CMAA)
- Demining Operators, Namely:
 - The Cambodian Mine Action Centre (CMAC)
 - The Halo Trust
 - Mine Advisory Group (MAG)
 - The Royal Cambodian Armed Forces (RC AF)
 - Japan Mine Action Service (JMAS), and
 - Private (accredited) Demining Companies
- Development Partners:
 - Auscare, Care International, World Vision, EC, HIB, NPA, Adopt-A-MineField, other NGOs
 - UN Corps: UNDP, UNICEF, UNHCR, UNMAS, UNOPS
 - GICHD, ITEP, and
 - Others
- Donor Community

Mine Risk Education

- As the national mine action authority, CMAA has the responsibility for the overall strategic planning in Cambodia, to coordinate and to oversee MRE activities in Cambodia. This includes:



- Taking the lead in the development and review of national MRE strategy;
- Organizing and chairing MRE Working Group meetings to share information, discuss issues, review MRE materials and messages to ensure they are appropriate and effective;
- Organizing National Mine Awareness Day (24 February);
- Monitoring MRE activities to ensure that they are in line with the strategy.

The agencies involved with MRE are: CMAC, HALO Trust, MAG, UNICEF, MoEYS, CARE, CRC, CMVIS, WVC, SOS and Police UXO networks.

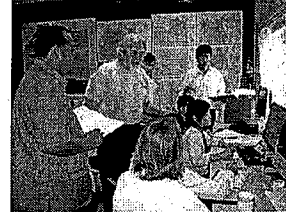
Mine/ERW Victim Assistance

With regard to the Discussion Paper-8 (Article 8.2) on the Victim Assistance so far Cambodia has its relevant activities to help mine/ERW victim such as:



- Physical Rehabilitation: Provided prosthetics, artificial arms, artificial limbs, callipers, wheelchairs and crutches to mine/ERW victims;
- Medical Care: Provided physiotherapy, artificial eyes, eye surgery, consulted a doctor about eye injury, limb injury and limb surgery;
- Community services: Provided rehabilitation community services; and
- Vocational training and job placement from 5 NGOs namely AARVTD, JICA, CWARS, JSC and CVCD as part of Social Reintegration of those victims.

Land Release (Non-Technical Survey)



Land Release Through Non-Technical Survey

Operator	2005 (m ²)	2006 (m ²)	2007 (m ²)	Total (m ²)
CMAC	35,030,000	169,448,500	190,629,400	395,107,900
MAG	0	53,085,313	286,934,736	340,020,049
HALO	50,279,606	147,582,082	79,497,221	277,358,909
Total	85,309,606	370,115,895	557,061,357	1,012,486,858

MAG, The Halo Trust and CMAC under CMAA leadership, are jointly developing a Baseline Survey Approach to support the National Strategy for Mine Action development and Extension Request

Mine Clearances in Cambodia