MOTAPM and the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May be Deemed to be Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects (CCW)
What is MOTAPM?

Mines

Other

Than

Anti-

Personnel

Mines
Are MOTAPM a problem?

- MOTAP kill and maim
- MOTAPM have long-term post-conflict impact
Military considerations

MOTAPM are legal and used to stop, slow down or channel enemy forces
MOTAPM – unfinished business

- APII annual conferences in 1999/2000
- Second Review Conference 2001
- GGE 2001–2006
- Third Review Conference 2006
Existing regulations on MOTAPM

- General IHL applies
- Specific restrictions in APII
- National measures
MOTAPM and the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons

**MOTAPM: detectability**

- Make MOTAPM detectable by commonly available metal detectors
MOTAPM: detectability

80 grams Galvanized Steel
Two Part Epoxy
Duct Tape
Cost per mine= $ 0.54
Economic Cost= $ 0.20
MOTAPM: limitation of active life

- Self destruct
- Self neutralization
- Self deactivation back-up device
MOTAPM: perimeter-marked area

Monitored by military personnel

Marked
MOTAPM: sensitive fuzes and sensors

Three categories of fuzes were identified:

- excessively sensitive
- to be used in conjunction with other fuzes; or
- designed to operate on their own
**MOTAPM: other issues**

- Non-States Actors
- Ban on transfers
- Protection of civilians (early warning, mine risk education)
- C&A
- Transparency and other confidence-building measures
Thank you!